CTCP BẤT ĐỘNG SẢN ĐIỆN LỰC MIỀN TRUNG CENTRAL POWER REAL ESTATE JSC

CỘNG HOÀ XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM Độc lập - Tự do - Hạnh phúc THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom – Happiness

Số/No.: 67/2025/CV-LEC-TCKT

V/v: Công bố Báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất

Quý 2 năm 2025

Ref: Disclosure of the 2nd Quarter of 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements

Đà Nẵng, ngày 30 tháng 07 năm 2025 Danang City, July 30th 2025

CÔNG BỐ THÔNG TIN TRÊN CỔNG THÔNG TIN ĐIỆN TỬ CỦA ỦY BAN CHỨNG KHOÁN NHÀ NƯỚC VÀ SGDCK TPHCM

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON THE STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION AND THE HOCHIMINH STOCK EXCHANGE'S PORTALS

Kính gửi: - Ủy ban Chúng khoán Nhà nước

- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh

To:

- The State Securities Commission;

- The Hochiminh Stock Exchange;

- Tên công ty: Công ty cổ phần Bất động sản Điện lực miền Trung Name of company: Central Power Real Eestate joint stock Company
- Mã chứng khoán: LEC Stock symbol: LEC
- Địa chỉ trụ sở chính: Lô A5 Phạm Văn Đồng, Phường An Hải Bắc, Quận Sơn Trà, TP Đà
 Nẵng
- Address of headoffice: Lot A5 Pham Van Dong, An Hai Bac Ward, Son Tra District, Da Nang City
 - Diện thoại/*Telephone*. (84-236) 2466.466 Fax: (84-236) 3938.445
 - Người thực hiện công bố thông tin: Ông Phạm Ngọc Bình Spokesman: Mr. Pham Ngọc Binh
- Chức vụ: Thành viên HĐQT kiểm người được ủy quyền công bố thông tin Position: Member of the Board of Directors and authorized person to disclose information

 Loại thông tin công bố : ☑ 	định kỳ	□bất thường	□24h	∐theo yêu cầu
Information disclosure type :		dic □irregular	□ 24h	□n demand

Nội dung thông tin công bố/ Contents of disclosed information:

1. Báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất quý 2 năm 2025 (bản tiếng Việt)

The 2nd Quarter of 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements (Vietnamese version)



2. Báo cáo tài chính hợp nhất quý 2 năm 2025 (bản tiếng Anh)
The 2nd Quarter of 2025 Consolidated Financial Statements (English version)

Thông tin này đã được công bố trên trang thông tin điện tử của công ty vào ngày 30/07/2025 tại đường dẫn: http://lec.com.vn/quan-he-co-dong/bao-cao-tai-chinh-3.html

This information was posted on the company's website on July 30th 2025 at this link: http://lec.com.vn/quan-he-co-dong/bao-cao-tai-chinh-3.html

Chúng tôi xin cam kết các thông tin công bố trên đây là đúng sự thật và hoàn toàn chịu trách nhiệm trước pháp luật về nội dung các thông tin đã công bố.

We hereby declare to be fully responsible to the law for the accuracy and completeness of the above information.

Noi nhận/Recipients:

- Như trên/As above;
- Luu: HC-NS, TCKT Archived: PAD, FAD

ĐẠI DIỆN TỔ CHÚC NIÊM YẾT ORGANIZATION REPRESENTATIVE Người được ủy quyên công bố thông tin Party authorized to disclose information Thanh viên HĐQT/Member of BOD

CỐ PHẨN NHÀN BẮT ĐỘNG SẢN

Phạm Ngọc Bình



CENTRAL POWER REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY Consolidated Financial Statements for Quarter II

ended 30 June 2025

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION At 30 June 2025

Form B 01a - DN (Issued under Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

	Co de	Note	30/06/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
ASSETS				
Current assets (100 = 110 + 120 + 130 + 140 + 150)	100		692,350,228,036	661,712,895,632
Cash and cash equivalents	110	5	2,872,620,177	749,815,814
Cash	111		2,872,620,177	749,815,814
Short-term accounts receivable	130		579,934,580,696	579,317,288,570
Short-term trade receivables	131	7	188,388,388,413	240,606,784,358
Short-term advances to suppliers	132	8	294,291,766,837	246,027,318,069
Short-term Loans receivables	135	9	60,982,000,000	64,112,000,000
Other receivables	136	10	42,503,425,446	34,887,186,143
Provisions for short-term bad debts (*)			(6,231,000,000)	(6,316,000,000)
Inventories	140	11	84,612,980,855	62,256,688,333
Inventories	141		84,612,980,855	62,256,688,333
Other current assets	150		24,930,046,308	19,389,102,915
Short-term prepaid expenses VAT deductible	151			,
Taxes and other receivables from	152	10 ()	23,514,652,980	18,047,395,570
State Treasury	153	19 (a)	1,415,393,328	1,341,707,345
Other current assets	155		-	-

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued) At 30 June 2025

Long-term assets (200 = 210 + 220 + 230 + 250 + 260)	200		165,218,276,973	171,612,375,344
Long-term receivables Long-term Loans receivables Other long-term receivables		10	- -	- - -
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets - Cost - Accumulated depreciation (*) Intangible fixed assets - Cost - Accumulated depreciation (*) Long-term assets in progress Long-term work in progress	220 221 222 223 227 228 229 240 242	11 13	8,404,402,736 6,991,821,736 46,818,027,162 (39,826,205,426) 1,412,581,000 1,539,112,830 (126,531,830) 75,235,913,641 75,235,913,641	11,126,283,461 9,713,702,461 48,629,417,236 (38,915,714,775) 1,412,581,000 1,539,112,830 (126,531,830) 75,235,913,641 75,235,913,641
Long-term financial investment Investment in joint-ventures, associates	250 252	6	70,603,987,149 70,603,987,149	70,612,662,592 70,612,662,592
Other long-term assets Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets Other long-term assets	260261262263	14	10,973,973,447 37,625,398 167,135,687	14,637,515,650 42,060,564 167,135,687
Goodwill TOTAL ASSETS $(270 = 100 + 200)$	269 270	16	10,769,212,362 857,568,505,009	14,428,319,399 833,325,270,976

STATEMENT OF F	INANCIAI	L POSITI	ON (Continued)	
	At 30 June	e 2025		
	Code	Note	30/06/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
RESOURCES				
LIABILITIES $(300 = 310 + 330)$	300		553,588,456,224	513,675,461,012
Current liabilities	310		552,697,647,173	512,276,107,961
Short-term Trade payables	311	17	145,536,318,447	139,978,044,884
Short-term Advances from customers	312	18	44,270,804,955	13,441,023,005
Taxes payable to State Treasury	313	19 (b)	5,634,340,508	7,275,579,291
Payables to employees	314		308,915,055	796,050,055
Short-term Accrued expenses	315	20	17,336,271,833	15,343,096,640
Short-term Deferred revenue	318		18,818,182	
Short-term other payables	319	21	24,189,070,179	11,084,778,635
Short-term loans and debts	320	22	315,393,072,596	324,347,500,033
Bonus and welfare fund	322		10,035,418	10,035,418
Long-term liabilities Long-term loans and debts	330		890,809,051	1,399,353,051
	338	22	767,564,000	1,276,108,000
Deferred tax payables	341		123,245,051	123,245,051
EQUITY $(400 = 410)$	400		303,980,048,785	319,649,809,964
Owners' equity	410	23	303,980,048,785	319,649,809,964
Shares capital	411	24	261,000,000,000	261,000,000,0
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		261,000,000,000	261,000,000,0
Other equity funds	420	. 25	1,184,000,000	1,184,000,0
Undistributed earnings	421		(14,034,734,391)	(3,352,200,782)
- Undistributed profit after tax of	421a		(3.352.200.782)	32 681 928 922

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30 July 2025

Prepared by

Non-controlling interest

TOTAL RESOURCES

previous period

current period

(440 = 300 + 400)

- Undistributed profit after tax of

Chief Accountant

421b

429

440

Authorized by General Director Member of the BOD

Cố PHẨN BẤT ĐỘNG SÁN

(3,352,200,782)

(10,682,533,609)

55,830,783,176

857,568,505,009

32,681,928,922

(36,034,129,704)

60,818,010,746

833,325,270,976

Trần Minh Tuấn

Trần Minh Tuấn

Phạm Ngọc Bình

IP.DA

STATEMENT OF INCOME For 6 months in 2025

Form B 02a - DN (Issued under Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC

Items	C o de	Note	Quarter II/2025	Quarter II/2024	Accumulated from the beginning of the year	nder Circular 202/2014/TT-B7 2014 of the Ministry of Financ Accumulated from the beginning of the year
Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services Cost of sales Gross profit (20 = 10 - 11) Financial income Financial expenses In which: Intersest expense Share of joint ventures and associates' profit or loss Selling expenses General Administrative expenses Net operating profit {30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)} Other income Other expenses Other profit (loss) (40 = 31 - 32) Accounting profit before tax (50=30+40) Current corporate income tax expenses Deferred corporate income tax expenses Net profit after tax (60=50-51-52)	01 11 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 30 31 32 40 50	26 27 28 29 30 31	VND. 52,538,105,874 48,938,633,648 3,599,472,226 1,701,033,354 7,773,743,582 7,772,964,931 (2,675,443) 5,549,128,300 (8,025,041,745) 6,032,043 154,532,582 (148,500,539) (8,173,542,284)	VND 17,957,022,551 16,182,097,229 1,774,925,322 1,727,625,928 3,656,205,632 3,656,205,632 5,696,522,460 (5,850,176,842) 90,909,090 284,916,628 (194,007,538) (6,044,184,380)	to the end of the Quarter II/2025 VND 70,066,554,823 64,943,160,601 5,123,394,222 1,701,270,828 15,658,234,241 15,657,455,590 (8,675,443) 6,562,394,727 (15,404,639,361) 6,032,043 271,153,861 (265,121,818) (15,669,761,179)	to the end of the Quarter II/2024 VND 31,443,935,506 28,216,489,161 3,227,446,345 3,393,417,528 9,080,107,638 9,080,107,638 9,080,107,638 7,089,869,869 (9,549,113,634) 90,909,090 284,952,526 (194,043,436) (9,743,157,070)
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interest Basic earning per share	60 61 62	-	(8,173,542,284) (6,345,230,099) (1,828,312,186)	(6,044,184,380) (6,043,594,336) (590,044)	(15,669,761,179)	(9,743,157,070) (8,471,107,234)
Prepared by	70	33 _	(243)	(232)	(4,987,227,570) (409)	(1,272,049,836)

Prepared by

Trần Minh Tuấn

Chief Accountant

Trần Minh Tuấn

Authorized by General Director

SA7 Member of the BOD

Central Power Real Eestate joint stock Company Statement of Cash flows for Quarter II ended 30 June 2025 (Indirec method)

Form B 03a - DN (Issued under Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

Items		22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance			
Items		6 months ended at			
	Code	30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax	01	(15,669,761,179)	(9,743,157,070)		
Adjustments for		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(2,740,137,070)		
Depreciation and amortisation	02	4,569,597,688	4.158.561.128		
Allowances and provisions	03	(85,000,000)	vide and acceptable to the second		
Gain/loss from investment activities	05	(1,701,270,828)	(3.393.417.528)		
Interest expense	06	15,658,234,241	9.080.107.638		
Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08	2,771,799,922	102,094,168		
Increase/Decrease in receivables	09	(9,129,549,536)	(13.984.360.335)		
Increase/Decrease in inventories	10	(22,356,292,522)	(37.505.535)		
Increase/Decrease in payables (excluding interest payables/ enterprise income tax payables)	11	50,860,527,305	9.927.208.576		
Increase/Decrease in prepaid expenses	12	(4,435,166)	(3.646.847.267)		
Interest expenses paid	14	(15,658,234,241)	(9.080.107.638)		
Corporate Income taxes paid	15	(236,027,110)	(100.000.000)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	20	6,247,788,652	(16,819,518,031)		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21	_			
Receipts from liquidation and sale of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	- -1	100.000.000		
Loans to other entities and purchase of debt instruments of other entities	23	(5,437,000,000)	(4.928.625.386)		
Receipts from collecting loans and sales of debt instruments of other entities	24	8,567,000,000	27.888.000.000		
Interest, dividends and profit received	27	1,701,270,828	3.393.417.528		
Net cash flows from investing activities	740	N 150 C			

Central Power Real Eestate joint stock Company Statement of Cash flows for Quarter II ended 30 June 2025 (Indirec method)

> Form B 03a - DN (Issued under Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

Cash flows	from	financing	activities
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50+60+61)	70	2,872,620,177	982,884,842
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (70 =	-	749,815,814	1,122,974,209
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	60		
Net cash flows during the term $(50 = 20+30+40)$	50	2,122,804,363	(140,089,367)
	40	(8,956,255,117)	(9,773,363,478)
Net cash flows from financing activities	. 36	(1,827,680)	
Payments of dividends	34	(141,729,947,546)	(80.121.461.843)
Loan repayment	33	132,775,520,109	70.348.098.365
Proceeds from borrowings			20
Receipts from stocks issuing and capital contribution from equity owners	31	·	

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

30 July 2025

Authorized by General Director

0059 Member of the BOD

Trần Minh Tuấn

Trần Minh Tuấn

Phạm Ngọc Bình

1. Reporting entity

a) Forms of Ownership

Central Power Real Estate Joint Stock Company ("the Company").

The Company operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 0400592801 on 18/04/2022, register for the 8th change, Issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Da Nang city.

Head office: Lot A5, Pham Van Dong street, An Hai Bac ward, Son Tra district, Da Nang City.

The Company's charter capital: VND 261.000.000.000.

Total number of shares: 26.100.000 shares.

b) Principal activities

According to the Business registration certificate, principal activities of the Company are:

Real estate business; Investment in the creation of houses, houses and construction works for sale, lease or hire purchase;

Rent houses or constructions for sublease;

Invest in improving land and invest in infrastructure works on leased land for leasing land with infrastructure:

Receive the transfer of land use rights, invest in infrastructure works for transfer, lease, or lease of land use books with infrastructure for sublease;

Investment and trading of trade centers and supermarkets;

Restaurant and mobile catering services;

Play area business, entertainment;

Real estate services; Brokerage, valuation, trading floor services, consultancy, auction, advertising, real estate management;

Consultancy on making investment projects, surveying, designing civil and industrial construction structures on small and medium scale;

Consultancy on making investment projects, surveying, designing energy structure for project management, supervising construction and erection of civil and industrial projects;

Investing, constructing and consulting electric projects;

Business travel domestic and international;

Football pitch;

Business tourist accommodation establishments.

The Company's normal business period

The Company's normal business period is 6 months.

d) Business structure

The list of subsidiaries:

Subsidiary name	Rate of interest	Rate of voting rights	Head office - Principle activities
New Generation	99%	99%	Hanoi - Trade and services; education;
Entertainment JSC			Recreational activities
Phuc Tien Investment and Infrastructure	85%	85%	Hoa Binh - Building houses of all
Development Co.,			kinds; installation of
Ltd			industrial machinery and equipment;
P&P Construction	54%	5104	building civil engineering works
Investment JSC	3470	54%	Hanoi - Real estate business; build the
			process; trade in materials and
			equipment installed in construction.

Total number of employees:

As at 30/06/2025, the Company has 90 employees (as at 01/01/2025, has 88 employees).

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for Enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. The Company prepares and issues its consolidated financial statements Consolidatedly. For a comprehensive understanding of the Company's consolidated financial position, its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows, these Consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

Basis of measurement

The Consolidated financial statements, except for the Consolidated statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost concept. The Consolidated statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Company is from 1 July to 30 June.

Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for financial statement presentation purpose.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Company in the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements:

3.1. Recognition of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2. Financial investment

Loans

Loans according to the contract between the parties, but not for purchase and sale on the market like securities. Depending on the contract, escrow loans can be recovered once at maturity or gradually.

For loans, if the provision for doubtful debts has not been established as prescribed by law, accountants shall assess the possibility of recovery. Where there is solid evidence that part or all of the loan may not be recovered, the accountant shall record the loss in financial expenses in the period. In case the loss amount cannot be reliably determined, the accountant shall make a note in the financial statements about the recoverability of the loan.

3.3. Receivables

Receivable are monitored in detail by maturity receivable, objects to be recovered and the type of original currency receivables, and other factors under the management of the Company. Receivables in foreign currencies need to be re-evaluated at the end of the year when preparing financial statements. Actual transacted exchange rate when re-evaluating receivables in foreign currencies at the time of preparing financial statements is the published exchange rate of the commercial bank with which the Company often have transactions (selected by the Company when transacts with receivable subject).

The identification of necessary provision for doubtful debts is based on the items that are classified as short-term, long-term receivables on Balance Sheet. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each one based on the age of overdue debts or the estimated losses that may occur.

3.4. Inventory

Principles of recognizing inventories

The Company's inventories are assets bought to manufacture or sell in normal business period. Inventories are stated at original cost. Where the net realizable value is lower than cost, inventories should be measured at the net realizable value. The costs of inventories comprise the purchase price, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Method of calculating inventories

The cost of inventory at the year-end is calculated by weighted average method. Method for valuation of work in process: works in progress is obtained for each construction unfinished or related revenue unrecognised.

Method of accounting inventories

Inventory is recorded by perpetual.

Method of setting up provision for devaluation of inventories

Provisions for devaluation of inventories made at the end of the year are the excess of original cost of inventory over their net realizable value.

3.5. Fixed assets and depreciation of fixed assets

Fixed assets

Fixed assets (tangible and intangible) are stated at the historical cost. During the using time, fixed assets (tangible and intangible) are recorded at cost, accumulated depreciation and net book value.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis. The estimated amortization period is as follows:

-	Buildings	05 - 20 years
-	Machine, equipment	02 - 10 years
-	Transportation equipment	03 - 07 years
-	Office equipment and furniture	02 - 05 years
	Other fixed assets	04 - 05 years

Gain or loss on the liquidation fixed assets is recognized as income or expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Investment property

Investment property is recognised at historical cost. During the period of waiting for capital appreciation or of operating lease, investment property is recorded at cost, accumulated depreciation and net book value.

Investment properties for operating leases are amortized and recognized into business expenses during the period (including during the period of hiring). The company relies on owner real estate to use the same type to estimate depreciation period and determine depreciation method of investment property.

Investment property held for price increase The company does not depreciate. In case there is strong evidence that the investment property is discounted against the market value and the discount is determined reliably, the Company will reduce the cost of the investment property and record it. receive loss of cost of goods sold (similar to making provision for real estate goods).

3.6. Deferred income tax

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purpose. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

3.7. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses only related to present fiscal year are recognised as short-term prepaid expenses and are recorded into operating costs.

Prepaid expenses incurred during the year but related to business operations of several years are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses and are amortized to the income statement in several

years.

The calculation and allocation of long-term prepaid expenses to profit and loss account in the period should be based on nature of those expenses to select a reasonable method and allocated factors. Prepaid expenses are allocated partly into operating expenses on a straight-line basis.

3.8. Payables

Payables are monitored in detail by maturity receivable, objects to be recovered and the type of original currency receivables, and other factors under the management of the Company. When preparing financial statements, accountants base on remaining term of payables to classify them into short-term or long-term.

When there are evidences that a loss likely occurs, accountants need to immediately record a payable according to the precautionary principle.

3.9. Recognization of borrowings

Borrowings whose maturity time is over 6 months from the date of financial statements are presented as long-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities. Borrowings whose maturity time is within 6 months from the date of financial statements are presented as short-term borrowings and financial lease liabilities to prepare settlement plan.

When preparing financial statements, borrowings' balances in foreign currencies are re-evaluated in actual transacted exchange rate at the time of preparing financial statements.

Differences of exchange rate arising from payments and re-evaluation at the year end are recorded into financial incomes or expenses.

3.10. Recognization and capitalization of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized into operating costs during the period, except for which directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset included (capitalized) in the cost of that asset, when gather sufficient conditions as regulated in SAV No. 16 "Borrowing costs".

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset that takes more than 6 months to put into use under certified purposes or for sale should be included (capitalized) in the cost of that asset, including interest on borrowings, amortization of discounts or premiums relating to issuing bonds and ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

3.11. Accrued expenses

Payables for goods and services that are already received from suppliers or already supplied to buyers in the reported period but not actually paid due to shortage of bills or accounting files and documents are recognized as operating expenses of the reported period.

Recognizing accrued expenses into operating expenses in the period needs to be performed according to the matching principle between revenues and expenses incurred in the period.

Accrued expenses shall be balanced with actual incurred expenses. The difference between accrued and actual expenses shall be reversed.

3.12. Owner's equity

Principles of recognizing owner's equity, share premium, convertible bonds and other owner's equity

Owner's equity is stated at actually contributed capital of owners.

Premium reserve is recorded by the difference (over/under) between the selling price and the par value of treasury stocks when stocks are firstly or additionally issued or reissued. Direct expenses related to the additional issuance of shares or reissuing treasury stock is recorded to reduce the surplus capital stock.

Recognition Undistributed profit

Profit after tax retained is the profit of business operations after deduction (-) regulated items due to applying a change in accounting retrospectively or to make a retrospective restatement to correct materiality in previous years. The profit is available for appropriation to investors after approval by Board of Management and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnamese regulatory requirements.

3.13. Revenue

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods should be recognized when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods:
- The entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that The economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the
- The cost incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliable.

Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliable, revenue associate with the transaction shall be recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliable when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the
- The stage of the completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliable.

The stage of the completion of the transaction may be determined by surveys of work completed methods.

Real estate sales

Real estate sales are recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The property has been fully completed and handed over to the buyer, the Company has transferred the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the property to the buyer; The company no longer holds the right to manage real estate such as real estate owner or
- property control:
- The revenue can be measured reliably;
- The company has obtained or will obtain economic benefits from the sale of real estate;
- Determine the costs associated with the sale of real estate.

In case of selling real estate products in the form of self-improvement or completed by customers according to customers' requests, the turnover shall be recorded when the rough construction parts are handed over to customers.

For real estate distribution of the foundation has transferred the land to the customer, the company is credited with revenue with the part of the land sold when satisfying the following conditions:

- Transfer of risks and benefits associated with the right to land use for buyers;
- Defined revenues are relatively certain;
- Determine the costs associated with land sale transactions.

The company has collected or certainly obtained economic benefits from land sales.

Financial income

Revenue arising from the used by the others of entity assets yielding interest, royalties and dividends shall be recognised when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

Dividends shall be recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Common Stocks and Dividends paid by Stocks: No record earnings when the right to receive bonus shares or dividend shares is established, the number of bonus shares and dividend shares received disclosure in Financial Statements.

Other revenues

Recognization of other revenues beside the entity's business activities includes:

- Revenue from liquidation of fixed assets;
- Revenue from fines paid by customers for breaching contracts;
- Revenue from the third party's compensation for a loss of property (e.g. insurance compensation, compensation for relocating business office and other similar revenues);
- Collection of bad debts which have been written off;
- Revenue from payables which is not identified;
- Other revenues than those listed above.

3.14. Deductibles from revenue

Deductibles adjusted to revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services arising in the period include: Sale discounts, sale rebates and sale returns.

Trade discounts, discounted sales, sales generated bounces same period consumption of products, goods and services are adjusted periodically generated revenue;

In case that products, goods and services have already been consumed since the previous period, but until the subsequent period, sale discounts, sale rebates or sale returns incur, then the Company recognizes deductibles from revenue according to the following requirements:

- If products, goods and services have already been consumed since the previous period and need to be discounted, rebated, returned in the subsequent period but before the time of issuing financial statements, accountants recognize it as an event that needs to be adjusted arising after the date of Balance Sheet and deduct revenues of the period's financial statements (the previous period).
- In case that products, goods and services need to be discounted, rebated, returned after the time of issuing financial statements, the entity needs to deduct revenues of the arising period (the subsequent period).

3.15. Cost of goods sold

Reflecting the cost value of products, goods and services sold in the period.

The provision for devaluation of inventories is included in the cost of goods sold on the basis of the number of inventories and the difference between the net realizable value is less than the cost of inventories.

When selling products and goods with equipment and spare parts, the value of equipment and spare parts is recorded into cost of goods sold.

As for the value of inventory shrinkage and loss, accountants immediately count towards cost of goods sold (after deducting the compensation, if any).

As for the cost of direct materials consumed in excess of normal level, labour cost, fixed general operation unallocated to the value of products stocked, accountants immediately count them towards in cost of goods sold (after deducting the compensation, if any) even if the products and goods have not been determined to be consumed.

Import duties, special consumption taxes and environmental protection taxes have been included in the value of purchased goods, and when the goods are sold, those taxes are refunded, the decrease of the cost of goods sold is recorded.

As for costs of goods sold unrecognized as corporate income taxable expenses under the regulations of Tax law but with full of invoices and documents and accounted reasonably under Accounting system, the Company does not reduce accounting expenses but adjusts in the corporate income tax settlement to increase corporate income tax payable.

3.16. Financial expenses

Reflecting financial expenses including expenses or losses related to financial investment activities, expenses of lending and borrowing equity, expenses of contributing in joint ventures, associates, losses of transferring short-term securities, expenses of selling securities transactions; Provision for devaluation of trading securities, provision for loss of investments in other entities, losses of selling foreign currencies, losses of exchange rate...

As for financial expenses unrecognized as corporate income taxable expenses under the regulations of Tax law but with full of invoices and documents and accounted reasonably under Accounting system, the Company does not reduce accounting expenses but adjusts in the corporate income tax settlement to increase corporate income tax payable.

3.17. Selling expenses and administrative expenses

Expenses recognized as selling expenses include: Expenses actually arising in process of selling products, goods and rendering services including expenses for offering, introducing, advertising products, sale commissions, expenses for products' warranty, storage, packing, transporting, ... Expenses recognized as administrative expenses include: Expenses for administrative labour (salaries, wages, allowances,...); social insurance, health insurance, union fund, unemployment insurance of administrative staffs; expenses of office commodities, working tools, depreciation of fixed assets used for administration; land rent, excise; provision for doubtful receivables; outside purchasing costs (electricity, water, telephone, fax, asset insurance, fire insurance...); other costs in cash (guest receptions, customer conferences...).

As for selling expenses and administrative expenses unrecognized as corporate income taxable expenses under the regulations of Tax law but with full of invoices and documents and accounted reasonably under Accounting system, the Company does not reduce accounting expenses but adjusts in the corporate income tax settlement to increase corporate income tax payable.

3.18. Principles and methods of recognizing current corporate income tax and differed corporate income tax charge

Current corporate income tax charge

Current corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable counted on taxable income in the period and prevailing tax rate.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable in the future arising from:

- Recognition of deferred income tax payable during the year;
- Deferred tax assets have been recognized from previous years.

3.19. Other accounting principles and methods

Basis for consolidation of financial statements

Consolidated financial statements are prepared based upon consolidating separate financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries under its control as at 30 June annually. Control rights is in practice when the company has power to govern the financial and operating policies of invested companies to obtain benefits from their activities.

Financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same fiscal as the company, using consistent accounting policies. If necessary, financial statements of subsidiaries may be adjusted to ensure the consistence between accounting policies applied at the company and its subsidiaries. Operation results of subsidiaries which were purchased or liquidated in the period are presented on consolidated financial statements since the purchasing or liquidated dates.

Balance, main income and expense, including unrealized profits from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full from consolidated financial statements.

Non-controlling interest reflecting profits or losses and net assets which are not held by shareholders of the company will be presented in a separate item on consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Goodwill

Goodwill presented on consolidated financial statements is the surplus between its purchase cost and benefit of the company in total fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures at the investment date. Goodwill is treated as intangible fixed assets, amortized under straight-line basis with estimated useful life not beyond 10 years. When selling subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, the carrying amount of goodwill which is not fully amortised is accounted into profit/loss of the selling transaction.

Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill is the surplus between benefit of the company in total fair value of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures at the investment date and purchasing price. Negative goodwill is recorded directly into Statement of

comprehensive income.

Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, have control on or are under control of the Company, or are under common control with the Company, including parent companies, subsidiaries and associates are related parties. Associates and individuals that directly or indirectly hold voting right of the Company and have a significant impact on the Company, key management personnel including Board of Directors and employees of the Company, closed family members of these individuals or these associates or companies associated with these individuals are also considered as related parties.

In considering each relationship of related parties, it is necessary to pay attention to the nature of the relationship, not only its legal form.

4. Segment reporting by business segments

The Company comprises the following main business segments:

	Trading in real estate	Running recreation center	·s	6 months Constructio		Elimination	Consolidated
Total segment revenue Depreciation and allocated expenses Segment results	VND 840.650.979 1.213.146.916 (372.495.937)	VND 25.203.676 25.654.648. (450.972.2	465	VND 45.723.4 56.606.1	23.513	(8.675.4 ² 3.689.870.6	VND 71.759.150.208 87.163.789.569
	Trading in real estate	Running recreation centers	Co	6 months		(3.698.546.11 ation	(15.404.639.361) Consolidated
Segment assets Investment in subsidiarie Total assets	VND 65.314.106.883 247.386.000.000	VND 202.458.593.223		VND 581.072.826.599		2.978.304	VND 857.568.505.009
	312.700.106.883	202.458.593.223		581.072.826.599		000.000)	857.568.505.009
Segment liabilities Liabilities not allocated Total liabilities	13.385.776.394	110.422.652.347	}	431.999.922.511	(2.210	895.028)	555.808.351.252
. otal nabinties	13.385.776.394	110.422.652.347		431.999.922.511		895.028)	(2.219.895.028) 553.588.456.224
Capital expenditure Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	39.021.816	406.894.683		433.810.514	30.	763.638	910.490.651

5. Cash and cash equivalents

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Cash on hand	488,768,142	673,104,079
Cash in bank	2,383,852,035	76,711,735
	2,872,620,177	749,815,814

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

6. Long-term financial investment

a) Investment in joint-ventures, associates

				30/06/20	25								
		Quantity of	% of	% of		Allowance				01/01/2	2025		
d fee	Address	shares	equity owned	voting rights	Cost	for diminution in value	Fair value	Quantity of shares	% of equity owned	% of voting rights	Cost	Allowance for diminutio	Fair
Anh Duong Hoa Binh Investment and Development JSC	Hoa Binh, Viet Nam	4,560,000	47.52%	48%	70,603,987,149	v				7	0,612,662,592	n in value	
					70,603,987,149					70	0,612,662,592		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

7. Short-term trade receivables

Related parties	30/06/2025 VND	Provission VND	01/01/2025 VND	Provission VND
Common to				
PPC An Thinh Da Nang Corporation	4,438,310,497		199,076,896,524	
An Thinh Hoa Binh., JSC Anh Duong Hoa Binh	147,244,495,560		4,438,310,497	
Investment and Development., JSC	457,956,000		457,956,000	
An Thinh Quang Nam., JSC	217,182,664		216,983,262	
Third parties				
Mau Hung Trading Investment., JSC	951,507,350		5,161,532,636	
Hoa Binh Commerce and Repair Co., Ltd	478,528,798		1,168,528,798	
An Thinh Que Son Trading and Service Co., Ltd	2,895,664,869		2,192,418,161	
Mai Linh Central., JSC	23,000,000	(23,000,000)	23,000,000	(23,000,000)
Other customers	31,681,742,675		27,871,158,480	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	188,388,388,413		240,606,784,358	

8. Short-term advances to suppliers

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Related parties		
PPC An Thinh Da Nang Corporation (i)	106,089,119,950	106,469,119,950
PPC An Thinh VN Investment and Infrastructure Development., JSC	1,940,587,894	1,983,487,894
An Viet Hoa Binh., JSC	-	7,840,556,927
An Thinh Quang Nam., JSC	39,096,222,760	11,393,458,144
Other parties		
Hoa Binh Commerce and Repair Co., Ltd	35,375,823,495	35,375,823,495
Sado Group., JSC	14,566,866,509	14,566,866,509
Viet A Construction and Trading Consulting., JSC	2,611,303,677	2,153,406,077
Eastmate Hotel Furniture Co., Ltd	2,357,322,443	2,983,120,296
Hong Ky Manufacturing Building Materials., JSC	9,295,254,953	19,169,350,218
Hong Tri Viet Construction., JSC	13,848,018,918	14,584,105,605
Others	69,111,246,238	29,508,022,954
	294,291,766,837	246,027,318,069

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

9. Short-term Loans receivables

Related parties	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Anh Duong Hoa Binh Investment and Development., JSC (i)	17,770,000,001	17,770,000,001
PPC An Thinh VN Investment and Infrastructure Development., JSC (ii)	26,616,999,999	21,179,999,999
Other parties		
Ar. Nguyen Viet Anh Ar. Nguyen Viet Anh Ar., JSC	; -	2,997,000,000
(iii)	16,595,000,000	22,165,000,000
	60,982,000,000	64,112,000,000

⁽i) Loans receivables from the Subsidiary - New Generation Entertainment., JSC, with interest rate of 5%/year, term of 11 months, unsecured and interest free if required to be repaid in advance duration.

⁽ii) Loans receivables from the Subsidiary - New Generation Entertainment., JSC, with interest rate of 6%/year, term of 11 months, unsecured and interest free if required to be repaid in advance duration.

⁽iii) Loans receivables from the Subsidiary - New Generation Entertainment., JSC, with interest rate of 5%/year, term of 11 months, unsecured and interest free if required to be repaid in advance duration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

10. Other short-term receivables

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Advance to Mr. Pham Thanh Thai Linh – Member of Board of Director ended at 15 November 2016 (*) Loan interest	6,208,000,000	6,293,000,000
Receivables from investment Advance to employees	29,321,003,321 5,570,000,000 766,000,000	28,445,342,965
Others	638,422,125 42,503,425,446	148,843,178 34,887,186,143

^(*)This is an advance to Ex-member of Board of Director (ended at 15 November 2016, set up a provision of VND 6.393 million.

11. Inventories

	_	30/06/2025		01/01/2025
	Original value VND	Provision VND	Original value	Provision VND
Raw material	8,256,133,164	-8	8,256,133,164	-
Merchandise	4,633,169,165		4,222,314,424	-
Work in process	71,723,678,526	-	49,778,240,745	-
	84,612,980,855		62,256,688,333	

12. Tangible fixed assets

Items	Buildings	Machinery, Equipment	Mean of Transportation	Office equipment and	Other fixed	Tota
Cost	VND	VND	VND	furniture VND	assets	VND
Opening balance Other decrease	4,511,365,876	29,596,828,376 (1,811,390,074)	12,486,240,783	248,836,750	1,786,145,451	48,629,417,236 (1,811,390,074)
Closing balance Accumulated depreciation	4,511,365,876	27,785,438,302	12,486,240,783	248,836,750	1,786,145,451	46,818,027,162
Opening balance Charge fot the year Other decrease	3,605,059,456	23,869,839,487 355,658,253	9,028,460,213 546,592,389	236,182,457 8,240,009	1,836,145,451	38,575,687,064 910,490,651
Closing balance Net bool value	3,692,251,731	26,196,068,316	7,902,903,178	248,836,750	1,786,145,451	39,826,205,426
Opening balance	819,114,145	3,756,418,313	5,129,929,994	8,240,009		
Closing balance	819,114,145	1,589,369,986	4,583,337,605			9,713,702,461 6,991,821,73 6

Included in tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND19.342 million which were fully depreciated as of 30 June 2025 (1/1/2025: VND19.342 million), but which are still in active use.

13. Intangible fixed assets

Items	Land use rights	Publishing titles	Copyrights and patents	Total
Cost	VND	VND	VND	VND
Opening balance	1,412,581,000	140	126,531,830	1,539,112,830
Other decrease (*)		-	≅	2
Closing balance	1,412,581,000	-	126,531,830	1,539,112,830
Accumulated depreciation		*		
Opening balance Charge fot the year	標準	•	126,531,830	126,531,830
Other decrease (*)	≈ 3		-	
Closing balance	-			= 0
Net bool value			126,531,830	126,531,830
Opening balance	1,412,581,000		-	1,412,581,000
Closing balance	1,412,581,000			1,412,581,000

14. Long-term prepaid expenses

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Instruments and tools Other prepaid expenses	5,913,558 31,711,840	10,348,695 31,711,840
	37,625,398	42,060,535

15. Long-term assets in progress (Long-term work in progress)

Long-term work in progress

_	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
e complex EVN-LAND Central Da Nang Project (*) ying tower cranes and climbing cranes ilding renovation rmony Apartment	58,838,521,600 11,537,760,845 114,631,197 4,744,999,999	58,838,521,600 11,537,760,845 114,631,197 4,744,999,999
	75,235,913,641	75,235,913,641

(*)The complex EVN-LAND Central Da Nang Project is intended to be carried out at Lot A5, Pham Van Dong, An Hai Bac ward, Son Tra district, Da Nang City, according to the Certificate of Investment No. 3212100034 issued by the People's Committee of Da Nang City on 01/10/2009 in which achievement is construction of the Complex consisting of a luxury apartment block, one luxury hotel and a luxury apartment block with commercial center.

Total investment capital of the project: 775.448.000.000 VND.

The project consistings of three buildings with 15 floors - 30 floors high corresponding to three phases:

- + Phase 1: A luxury apartment block, 15 floors 18 floors high
- + Phase 2: A luxury hotel, 22 floors 25 floors high
- + Phase 3: A luxury apartment block and commercial center 28 floors 30 floors high.

The project implementation period is 50 years from the date of issuance of the Investment Certificate. The implementation progress of the project is as follows:

- \pm Phase 1: Started construction in Quarter III of 2010 and put into operation in Quarter IIV of 2012
- + Phase 2 and 3: Started construction in Quarter II of 2014 and put into operation in Quarter IIV of 2018.

At 30 June 2025, Phase 1 has completed all apartments for customers. Phases 2 and 3 are in progress.

Long-term work in progress is the value of land use right allocated to the area of implementation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

for phases 2 and 3, according to Certificate of land use rights, ownership of houses and other properties associated with land No. BT878091 issued by the People's Committee of Da Nang City on 04/04/2014.

As at 30/06/2025, this land use right is used to secure the loans of the Company's subsidiaries..

16. Goodwill

	New Generation Entertainment JSC	P&P Construction Investment JSC	Total
L e	VND	VND	Tota <u>l</u> VND
Cost			<i>F110</i>
Opening balance	42,663,193,795	30,518,946,938	73,182,140,733
Other decrease (*)			
- Closing balance Accumulated amortisation	42,663,193,795	30,518,946,938	73,182,140,733
Opening balance	36,263,714,730	22,490,106,604	58,753,821,334
 Charge fot the year 	2,133,159,690	1,525,947,347	3,659,107,037
- Closing balance Net carrying amount	38,396,874,420	24,016,053,951	62,412,928,371
- Opening balance	6,399,479,065	8,028,840,334	14,428,319,399
- Closing balance	4,266,319,375	6,502,892,987	10,769,212,362

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

17. Short-term Trade payables

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Related parties		
PPC An Thinh VN Investment and Infrastructure Development., JSC	-	-
Other party		
Vietnam Construction and Technology Transfer,, JSC	17,028,726,883	17,028,726,883
Sigma Technical,, JSC	63,799,825,902	63,799,825,902
Hoa Binh Paint Co., Ltd	2,354,144,236	2,354,144,236
Duc Tin Industrial Co,, Ltd	197,477,154	197,477,154
Fmedia,, JSC	4,890,590,779	6,190,590,779
An Thinh Que Son Trading and Service Company Limited	-	1,238,181,973
Other customers	57,265,553,493	49,169,097,957
	145,536,318,447	139,978,044,884

18. Short-term Advances from customers

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Related parties		
PPC An Thinh Da Nang Corporation PPC An Thinh VN Investment and Infrastructure	6,458,632,081	2,458,632,081
Development,, JSC	367,371,034	367,371,034
An Viet Hoa Binh, JSC Anh Duong Hoa Binh Investment and Development,	581,999,151	581,999,151
JSC	402,981,175	402,981,175
Bien Đong Quang Nam Trade and Production,, JSC An Thinh Quang Nam,, JSC	419,657,500 1,107,224,185	419,657,500 1,107,224,185
Other party		
An Thinh Que Son Trading and Service Company Limited	1,296,032,775	1,296,032,775
Other customers	32,432,544,333	6,807,125,104
	44,270,409,459	13,441,023,005

19. Taxes and others receivables from and payables to the State Treasury

	01/01/2025	Payables	Already paid	30/06/2025
	VND	VND	VND	VND
a. Receivables				4/2 (1/2)
Business income tax	1,341,707,345			1,341,707,345
Value-added tax			73,685,983	73,685,983
(a)	1,341,707,345			1,415,393,328
b. Payables				
Income tax	4,819,470,729	-	236,027,110	4,583,443,619
Value-added tax	171,029,035	609,787,402	568,433,229	212,383,208
Personal income tax	35,526,575	5,461,500	18,295,276	22,692,799
Property tax and land rental	214,725,049			214,725,049
Other tax	2,034,825,903	秦 8	1,433,730,070	601,095,833
(b)	7,275,577,291		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5,634,340,508

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

20. Short-term Accrued expenses

	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Interest payable	17,008,458,522	14,865,283,329
To pay contractors	327,813,311	477,813,311
	17,336,271,833	15,343,096,640

21. Other short-term payables

Maintenance fund	30/06/2025 VND	01/1/2025 VND
Dividend payables	6,767,905	6,767,905
Social and health insurance	1,565,157,431	1,925,157,431
Borrow money	-	72,289,683
Others	21,670,000,000	6,100,000,000
	947,144,843	2,980,563,616
	24,189,070,179	11,084,778,635

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

22. Loans and debts

:

22.1 Short-term loans and debts

Valu	1/1/2025 Value and able to pay		during the year	
7410	VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Value and able to pay VND
Short-term loans	324,347,500,033	132,775,520,109	141,729,947,546	315,393,072,596
	324,347,500,033	132,775,520,109	141,729,947,546	315,393,072,596

Terms and conditions of outstanding short-term borrowings were as follows:

P. I.C. A. J. J. A. J. J. A. J	Currency	Annual interest rate	30/06/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development - Tay Do Branch (i)	VND	10%	168,674,162,725	169,410,703,033
Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development – Ha Noi 2 Branch (ii)	VND	9,8%	-	
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development - Hoa Binh Branch (iii)	VND	10,5%	145,367,277,871	149,985,165,000
Ms Hoang Thi Thu Trang (iv) Long-term loans and debts is due	VND	6,0%	-	3,600,000,000
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development - Hoa Binh Branch	VND	11%	348,000,000	348,000,000
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Thang Long Branch	VND	8,7%	1,003,632,000	1,003,632,000
			315,393,072,596	324,347,500,033

⁽i) The loan is guaranteed by stocks in the Company of some individuals.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

- (ii) The loan applies a variable interest rate in accordance with the bank's regulations at each time of debt acknowledgment. Security assets are land use rights, ownership of houses and other land-attached assets.
- (iii) The loan, secured by Long-term work in progress, has a carrying value of VND 58.839 billion. (Notes No. 15).
 - (iv) The loan is valid for 12 months, bears an interest rate of 6%/year and has no collateral.

22.2 Long-term loans and debts

	1/1/2025 Value and able to pay	Movement	during the year	30/06/2025
Long-term loans	VND 2,627,740,000	Increase VND	Decrease VND 508,544,000	Value and able to pay VND 2,119,196,000
Amount due for settlement within 12 months	(1,351,632,000)			(1,351,632,000)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	1,276,108,000			767,564,000

Terms and conditions of outstanding long-term borrowings were as follows:

Vietnam L.' . Co. L. C	Currency	Annual interest rate	30/06/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development - Hoa Binh Branch (i)	VND	11%	781,000,000	955,000,000
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Thang Long Branch (ii)	VND	8,7%	1,338,196,000	1,672,740,000

(i), (ii) The loan has a repayment term of 60 months. Collateral is a means of transport purchased with borrowed capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

23. Changes in Owner's equity

	Shares capital	Other equity funds		Non-controlling interest	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Balance at 01/01/2025	261,000,000,000	1,184,000,000	(3,352,200,782)	60,818,010,746	319,649,809,964
			(10,682,533,609)	(4,987,227,570)	(15,669,761,179)
Balance at 30/06/2025	261,000,000,000	1,184,000,000	(14,034,734,391)	55,830,783,176	303,980,048,785

24. Shares capital

	30/06/2025		0)	1/01/2025
	Numbers of shares	VND	Numbers of shares	VND
Authoried shares capital	26,100,000	261,000,000,000	26,100,000	261,000,000,000
Ordinary shares Shares in circulation	26,100,000	261,000,000,000	26,100,000	261,000,000,000
Ordinary shares	26,100,000	261,000,000,000	26,100,000	261,000,000,000

All ordinary shares have a par value of VND10,000. Each share is entitled to one vote at meetings of the Company. Shareholders are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. All ordinary shares are ranked equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. In respect of shares bought back by the Company, all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

25. Other equity funds

In accordance with the Company's Charter, other equity funds were appropriated from retained profits in accordance with the resolution of the Company's General Meeting of Shareholders. These funds were established for the purpose of supplementing the charter capital and future business expansion.

26. Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services

Total revenue represents the gross value of goods sold and services rendered exclusive of value added tax. Net revenue comprised:

6 months ended at

		30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
	Services	46,285,441,839	30,475,431,859
п	Sale of goods	23,562,931,168	50,175,451,657
	Others	218,181,816	968,503,647
		70,066,554,823	31,443,935,506

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

27. Cost of sales

	6 months ended at	
Cost of:	30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
ServicesSale of goodsOthers	43,057,073,930 21,886,086,671	27,671,828,219 - 544,660,942
	64,943,160,601	28,216,489,161

28. Financial income

6 months ended at	
30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
1,701,270,828	3,393,417,528
1,701,270,828	3,393,417,528
	30/06/2025 VND 1,701,270,828

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

29. Financial expenses

	6 months ended at	
	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Intersest expense	15,657,455,590	9,080,107,638
Others	778,851	-
	15,658,234,241	9,080,107,638
30. Selling expenses		
	6 months ended at	
	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Staff cost	-	
Other selling expenses	-	æ
		•

31. General Administrative expenses

	6 months ended at	
	30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
Staff cost Remuneration for the Board of Management	2,188,417,881	1,837,740,841
Expenses from external services Depreciation and amortisation	374,575,859 174,896,510	757,651,292 622,921,749
Provision expenses	(85,000,000)	
Amortisation of goodwill	3,659,107,037	3,648,406,572
Other expenses	250,397,440	223,149,415
_	6,562,394,727	7,089,869,869

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

32. Income tax				
a) Recognised in the statement of incom-	e			
		6 months ended at		
	30/06/20 VND		30/06/2024 VND	
Current tax expense	-		, , , , ,	
Current year		-	-	
b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate				
	6 m	6 months ended at		
	30/06/2025 VND		30/06/2024 VND	
Accounting profit before tax Tax at the Company's tax rate	(15,669,761,179)		(9,743,157,070)	
Non-deductible expenses	_	_		
Income is tax-free	· · ·		-	
Creation and reversal of temporary differences	* 3	變	-	
Loss without recognition of				
deferred tax assets	-	팔	=	
	-		-	
		1 <u>2</u>		
Applicable tax rates				
The Company has an obligation to pay profits from 2016.	the government incom	ne tax at the ra	ate of 20% of taxable	
Deferred corporate income tax expenses	į			
		6 months ended at		
Defermed company		30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND	
Deferred corporate income tax expenses From temporary differences	S	0; =		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

33. Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 30 June 2025 was based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders –VND10,682,533,609 (2024: -VND8,471,107,234) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of 26,100,000 shares (2024: 24,414,526 shares), calculated as follows:

(a) Weighted average number of ordinary share

	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the year Effect of shares issued during the year	26,100,000	26,100,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June 2025	26,100,000	26,100,000
(b) Basic earnings per shares		
	6 months ended at	
	30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
Net profit attributable to shareholders (*) Weighted average number of ordinary shares during the	(10,682,533,609)	(8,471,107,234)
year year	26,100,000	26,100,000
Basic earnings per shares	(409)	(325)

^(*) Net profit attributable to the Company's shareholders does not include the amount allocated to bonus and welfare fund as the Company has not appropriated to bonus and welfare fund for the year ended 30 June 2025. The Company has not yet planned to make appropriation to bonus and welfare fund for the year 2025. Basic earnings per share may decrease due to appropriation to bonus and welfare fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

34. Significant transactions with related parties

In addition to related party balances disclosed in other notes to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties during the year:

	<u> </u>	6 months of 2025 VND
PPC An Thinh Da Nang Corporation		
Sales of construction services		45.663.046.493
Purchase of goods		222.391.988
An Thinh Quang Nam., JSC Purchase of goods		
Turchase of goods		713.053.194
	6 months ended at	
	30/06/2025 VND	30/06/2024 VND
Compensation of Board of Management		
- General Director (Mr. Le Hoai Nam)	61,000,000	61,000,000
Compensation of Board of Director (BOD)		
- Chairman of the BOD (Mr. Nguyen Khang Chien)	-	-
 Member of the BOD (Mr. Pham Ngoc Binh, Ms. Nguyen Thi Minh Phuong, Mr. Nguyen Xuan Truong, Mr. Pham Duc Hanh) 	-	×
Compensation of Board of Supervisors (BOS) - Head of the BOS (Ms. Pham Thi Thanh Hang) - Member of the BOS (Ms. Nguyen Thi Huong, Ms. Nguyen Thi Hue)		-

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(Issued under Circular 202/2014/TT-BTC dated 22/12/2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II ended 30 June 2025

35. Comparative information

Comparative figures are figures stated on Consolidated Financial Statements for Quarter II ended 30 June 2024.

30 July 2025

CỐ PHẨN

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

Authorized by General Director Member of the BOD

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Trần Minh Tuấn

Trần Minh Tuấn

Phạm Ngọc Bình